

Insights from practitioners engaging UK school age children with environmental science during the COVID-19 pandemic

Investing in the Future of Science







Insights from practitioners during the COVID-19 pandemic

During the COVID-19 pandemic, the Investing the Future of Science project collected data about how engagement of school-aged children with environmental sciences was changing in the UK.

Anonymous respondents provided insights into how they adapted to the loss of face-to-face engagement and move to online delivery.

Those insights are summarised here. Supporting links are provided at the end of the guide.

Get familiar with **how to conduct online meetings** before delivering sessions.

• Online lecturing experience can be useful to inform this

Although time might be tight, try to **avoid simply repurposing existing materials** (for example as home learning resources) for audiences they weren't created for.

• What are the **needs of your audience**?

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- How will you **ensure that the needs** of the target audience **are met**?
- What **principles** can you have in place to ensure consistency?

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Seek **feedback** from members of your target audience.

But make sure this doesn't place a burden on them find quick and easy feedback methods that are accessible to them

Some projects found that they were able to expand community engagement during lockdown.

- Can your activities be expanded to different audiences and settings using remote engagement?
- How will this differ from your face-to-face work?



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Who activities are delivered by may have to change.

- Who is best placed to deliver them?
 - A project team member, a teacher, a parent?

If delivered by someone external to the project team, preparation and support are key.

For written resources, **information and instructions** needed to complete the activity should be **full and clear**.

> Focus on **interactive elements** and **clear instructions**.

For live remote delivery, consider **preparatory meetings** and advance information, in **alternative formats** if necessary, in case of technology failures.

Make sure activities to be delivered at home **are familyfriendly**.

 If your existing resources depend on teacher delivery, how do they need to be adapted to ensure that parents/carers can use them successfully?

For live remote engagement, **staying online** when you're not directly delivering is useful to support those who are present with participants.







Complementary activities can be useful, particularly for:

- access from home;
- occupying groups waiting to rotate onto the main activity.

Avoid high cost activities, in terms of both time (for parents/carers or teachers) and resources.

• Can you **provide specific resources directly**, for example by sending them to schools to use?

Consider **new skills** you might need, for example in video editing and production.

Useful links

- Hartley, J. (2021). <u>Science Hunters: moving school outreach to remote online delivery</u>. NERC Engage blog
- I'm A Scientist, Get Me Out Of Here. <u>Child Safeguarding Statement</u>. Safeguarding and risk assessment from a longstanding online engagement project
- Laggan, S. (2020). <u>Moving dialogue online</u>. UWE Science Communication Unit practitioner guide
- Shimwell, J. (2020). Supporting home learning with STEM activities. NUSTEM blog

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